Notice of Allowability	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/622,884	COSMAN ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	LUU MATTHEW	3663	
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperall claims being allowable, PROSECUTION ON THE MERITS IS herewith (or previously mailed), a Notice of Allowance (PTOL-85) NOTICE OF ALLOWABILITY IS NOT A GRANT OF PATENT RID of the Office or upon petition by the applicant. See 37 CFR 1.313	(OR REMAINS) CLOSED in this app or other appropriate communication GHTS. This application is subject to	olication. If not included will be mailed in due course. THIS	е
1. A This communication is responsive to the amendment after	final rejection filed March 22, 2004.		
2. X The allowed claim(s) is/are <u>1, 3, 4, 39 and 41-51; which are</u>	e renumbered to claims 1-15.		
3.	been received in Application No cuments have been received in this re	complying with the requirements  S AMENDMENT or NOTICE OF tion is deficient.  948) attached  ffice action of the front (not the back) of the first the submitted. Note the	
Attachment(s)  1. Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2. Notice of Draftperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3. Information Disclosure Statements (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No./Mail Date  4. Examiner's Comment Regarding Requirement for Deposit of Biological Material	6. Interview Summary Paper No./Mail Date 8), 7. Examiner's Amendm	e	

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims**

1. (currently amended) A method for combining independent scene layers to form computer generated environments, comprising the steps of:

constructing a terrain layer using stored terrain data;

generating a feature layer using feature layer data that is configured to be modified independently and stored separately from the stored terrain data; and

applying different run-time response rules to the terrain layer and the feature layer; combining the feature layer and the terrain layer to form a composite environment; and rendering the composite environment for viewing.

- 2. (cancelled)
- 3. (original) A method as in claim 1, wherein the step of generating a feature layer further comprises the step of generating a plurality of feature layers that are configured to be combined together with other feature and terrain layers.
- 4. (original) A method as in claim 1, further comprising the step of determining the locations of features in the feature layer in reference to the terrain layer.
- 5-38. (cancelled)
- 39. (previously presented) A method as in claim 21, wherein the step of rendering the composite environment for viewing further comprises the step of resolving conflicts between layers.
- 40. (cancelled)
- 41. (previously presented) A method as in claim 1, further comprising the step of defining different run-time response rules for the terrain layer and the feature layer.

- 42. (previously presented) A method as in claim 41, wherein the step of defining different runtime response rules for the terrain layer and the feature layer further comprises providing a level-of-detail control for the terrain layer and a separate level-of-detail control for the feature layer.
- 43. (previously presented) A method as in claim 41, wherein the step of defining different runtime response rules for the terrain layer and the feature layer further comprises specifying a field-of-view control for the terrain layer and a separate field-of-view control for the feature layer.
- 44. (previously presented) A method as in claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
  modifying the feature layer; and
  recompiling the feature layer independently from the terrain layer.
- 45. (previously presented) A method for combining independent scene layers to form computer generated environments, comprising the steps of:
  - a. constructing a terrain layer using stored terrain data;
  - b. generating a feature layer using feature layer data that is stored separately from the stored terrain data;
  - c. combining the feature layer and the terrain layer to form a composite environment; and
  - d. defining a run-time response rule for the terrain layer and a different run-time response rule for the feature layer.
- 46. (previously presented) A method as in claim 45, wherein the step of defining different runtime response rules for the terrain layer and the feature layer further comprises providing a level-of-detail control for the terrain layer and a separate level-of-detail control for the feature layer.

- 47. (previously presented) A method as in claim 45, wherein the step of defining different runtime response rules for the terrain layer and the feature layer further comprises specifying a field-of-view control for the terrain layer and a separate field-of-view control for the feature layer.
- 48. (previously presented) A method for combining independent scene layers to form computer generated environments, comprising the steps of:

constructing a terrain layer using stored terrain data;
generating a feature layer using feature layer data that is configured to be modified independently and stored separately from the stored terrain data;
combining the feature layer and the terrain layer to form a composite environment; and defining a run-time response rule for the terrain layer and a different run-time response rule for the feature layer.

- 49. (previously presented) A method as in claim 48, further comprising the step of rendering the composite environment for viewing.
- 50. (previously presented) A method as in claim 49, wherein the step of rendering the composite environment for viewing further comprises the step of applying different run-time response rules to the terrain layer and the feature layer
- 51. (previously presented) A method as in claim 49, wherein the step of rendering the composite environment for viewing further comprises the step of resolving conflicts between layers